1	Subject	Pediatric dentistry 2				
2	Code	DDS506				
3	Study Program	Study Program of Integrated studies in dental medicine				
4	Organizing Institution (Unit, Institute, Chair, Department)	Department of Pediatric and Preventive Dentistry				
5	Educational degree (first or second cycle)	Integrated study				
6	Study year/semester	5 / 9 and 10 7 Number of 8 credits				
8	Teacher	Prof.dr. Elizabeta Gjorgievska, Prof.dr. Mira Jankulovska, Prof.dr. Marija Stevanovic, Prof. dr. Zlatko Georgiev, Prof. Dr. Ana sotirovska – Ivkovska, Prof. Dr. Aleksandar Dimkov, Prof. Dr. Meri Pavlevska				
9	Preconditions	Passed all compulsory courses of 5 and 6 semester. Signature semester courses	es of 7 and 8			
11	to determine the treatment plan; to have knowledge of the orofacial region growth and development, of primary and permanent dentition chronology, to diagnose and to treat teeth anomalies; to diagnose and to treat dental caries in primary and permanent teeth; to diagnose and treat pulp and periodontal tissues diseases, soft tissues diseases, as well as the complications caused by general, nutritive and metabolic disorders; to know how to select and apply adequate dental material according to indications; to plan and to achieve oral surgical interventions in children; to diagnose and to treat dental trauma and complications of trauma in children; to plan and achieve aesthetic procedures and prosthetic interventions in children. Brief content					
11	<b>T</b>		Class			
11	Theoretical course	e permanent teeth	Class			
	Therapy of pulp diseases in immatur Dental materials in pediatric dentistr materials for root canal obturation, re	e permanent teeth. y: cavity disinfectants, temporary filling materials, bases, liners, estorative dental materials (composites, glass ionomer cements,	2			
	Therapy of pulp diseases in immatur Dental materials in pediatric dentistr materials for root canal obturation, re hybrid materials).	ry: cavity disinfectants, temporary filling materials, bases, liners,	2			
	Therapy of pulp diseases in immatur Dental materials in pediatric dentistr materials for root canal obturation, ro hybrid materials). Esthetics in pediatric dentistry: denta	ry: cavity disinfectants, temporary filling materials, bases, liners, estorative dental materials (composites, glass ionomer cements, al veneers, laminates, tooth bleaching. ry preparation for composites and fissure, sealants, application of	2 2 1			
	Therapy of pulp diseases in immatur Dental materials in pediatric dentistr materials for root canal obturation, re hybrid materials). Esthetics in pediatric dentistry: denta Laser use in pediatric dentistry: cavit laser in endodontics, oral surgery tre Soft tissue diseases in oral cavity: o lips diseases: Cheilitis exfoliativa, o syndrome, Ascher syndrome, mor	ry: cavity disinfectants, temporary filling materials, bases, liners, estorative dental materials (composites, glass ionomer cements, al veneers, laminates, tooth bleaching. ry preparation for composites and fissure, sealants, application of atments, LLLT, tooth bleaching. oral mucosal lesions (mechanical, thermal, chemical, radiations); Cheilitis angularis, Cheilitis glandularis, Melkersson Rosenthal phological variations; tongue diseases: Lingua geographica, rders (Lingua plicata, Glossitis rhombica mediana, Macroglossia,	2 2 1 1			
	Therapy of pulp diseases in immatur Dental materials in pediatric dentistr materials for root canal obturation, re hybrid materials). Esthetics in pediatric dentistry: denta Laser use in pediatric dentistry: cavit laser in endodontics, oral surgery tre Soft tissue diseases in oral cavity: o lips diseases: Cheilitis exfoliativa, o syndrome, Ascher syndrome, mor Lingua villosa nigra, congenital disor Microglossia, Aglossia, Lingua bifida Gingival diseases: Gingivitis cattha	ry: cavity disinfectants, temporary filling materials, bases, liners, estorative dental materials (composites, glass ionomer cements, al veneers, laminates, tooth bleaching. ry preparation for composites and fissure, sealants, application of atments, LLLT, tooth bleaching. oral mucosal lesions (mechanical, thermal, chemical, radiations); Cheilitis angularis, Cheilitis glandularis, Melkersson Rosenthal phological variations; tongue diseases: Lingua geographica, rders (Lingua plicata, Glossitis rhombica mediana, Macroglossia,	2 2 1 1			
	Therapy of pulp diseases in immatur Dental materials in pediatric dentistre materials for root canal obturation, re hybrid materials). Esthetics in pediatric dentistry: denta Laser use in pediatric dentistry: cavit laser in endodontics, oral surgery tre Soft tissue diseases in oral cavity: o lips diseases: Cheilitis exfoliativa, o syndrome, Ascher syndrome, mor Lingua villosa nigra, congenital disor Microglossia, Aglossia, Lingua bifida Gingival diseases: Gingivitis cattha ulcero-necroticans, teeth growth classification, treatment modalities. Oral manifestations of infectious dise systemic diseases: haematological o endocrine, renal and gastrointestina	ry: cavity disinfectants, temporary filling materials, bases, liners, estorative dental materials (composites, glass ionomer cements, al veneers, laminates, tooth bleaching. ry preparation for composites and fissure, sealants, application of atments, LLLT, tooth bleaching. ral mucosal lesions (mechanical, thermal, chemical, radiations); Cheilitis angularis, Cheilitis glandularis, Melkersson Rosenthal phological variations; tongue diseases: Lingua geographica, rders (Lingua plicata, Glossitis rhombica mediana, Macroglossia, , Ankyloglossia). ralis, Gingivitis hyperplastica, Gingivitis fibromatosa, Gingivitis gingivitis, Pericoronitis); periodontal diseases: etiology, eases: bacterial, viral and fungal infections; oral manifestations of diseases (blood cell disorders), skin, cardiovascular, respiratory, al diseases; immune system disorders, autoimmune diseases; sorders, lack of proteins, calcium, phosphorus, magnesium,	2 2 1 1 3 2			
	Therapy of pulp diseases in immatur Dental materials in pediatric dentistr materials for root canal obturation, re hybrid materials). Esthetics in pediatric dentistry: dental Laser use in pediatric dentistry: cavit laser in endodontics, oral surgery tre Soft tissue diseases in oral cavity: of lips diseases: Cheilitis exfoliativa, of syndrome, Ascher syndrome, mor Lingua villosa nigra, congenital disor Microglossia, Aglossia, Lingua bifida Gingival diseases: Gingivitis catthat ulcero-necroticans, teeth growth classification, treatment modalities. Oral manifestations of infectious dise systemic diseases: haematological of endocrine, renal and gastrointestina metabolic disorders, nutritional dis microelements and vitamins deficien Traumatic dental and supporting for	ry: cavity disinfectants, temporary filling materials, bases, liners, estorative dental materials (composites, glass ionomer cements, al veneers, laminates, tooth bleaching. ry preparation for composites and fissure, sealants, application of atments, LLLT, tooth bleaching. ral mucosal lesions (mechanical, thermal, chemical, radiations); Cheilitis angularis, Cheilitis glandularis, Melkersson Rosenthal phological variations; tongue diseases: Lingua geographica, rders (Lingua plicata, Glossitis rhombica mediana, Macroglossia, , Ankyloglossia). ralis, Gingivitis hyperplastica, Gingivitis fibromatosa, Gingivitis gingivitis, Pericoronitis); periodontal diseases: etiology, eases: bacterial, viral and fungal infections; oral manifestations of diseases (blood cell disorders), skin, cardiovascular, respiratory, al diseases; immune system disorders, autoimmune diseases; sorders, lack of proteins, calcium, phosphorus, magnesium,	2 2 1 1 3 2 3			
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	Therapy of pulp diseases in immatur Dental materials in pediatric dentistre materials for root canal obturation, re hybrid materials). Esthetics in pediatric dentistry: denta Laser use in pediatric dentistry: cavit laser in endodontics, oral surgery tre Soft tissue diseases in oral cavity: o lips diseases: Cheilitis exfoliativa, o syndrome, Ascher syndrome, mor Lingua villosa nigra, congenital disor Microglossia, Aglossia, Lingua bifida Gingival diseases: Gingivitis cattha ulcero-necroticans, teeth growth classification, treatment modalities. Oral manifestations of infectious dise systemic diseases: haematological o endocrine, renal and gastrointestina metabolic disorders, nutritional dis microelements and vitamins deficien Traumatic dental and supporting t procedure – history, clinical and para Treatment of dental and supporting t	ry: cavity disinfectants, temporary filling materials, bases, liners, estorative dental materials (composites, glass ionomer cements, al veneers, laminates, tooth bleaching. ry preparation for composites and fissure, sealants, application of atments, LLLT, tooth bleaching. ral mucosal lesions (mechanical, thermal, chemical, radiations); Cheilitis angularis, Cheilitis glandularis, Melkersson Rosenthal phological variations; tongue diseases: Lingua geographica, rders (Lingua plicata, Glossitis rhombica mediana, Macroglossia, , Ankyloglossia). ralis, Gingivitis hyperplastica, Gingivitis fibromatosa, Gingivitis gingivitis, Pericoronitis); periodontal diseases: etiology, eases: bacterial, viral and fungal infections; oral manifestations of diseases (blood cell disorders), skin, cardiovascular, respiratory, al diseases; immune system disorders, autoimmune diseases; sorders, lack of proteins, calcium, phosphorus, magnesium, cy.	2 2 1 1 3 2 3 2 2			

Pedoprosthetic rehabilitation; interceptive orthodontics.	2
Oral surgical procedures in children: extraction of primary and permanent teeth, indications contraindications, instruments, methodology, complications during and after the extraction, sp oral surgical procedures in children.	
Odontogenic infections in children: etiology, diagnosis, types, therapy.	1
Antibiotics and other antimicrobial drugs in pediatric dentistry: types, dosage and applic modalities, prophylactic administration of antibiotics.	cation 2
Emergency conditions: allergic reactions, collapse, hysterical attack, epileptic seizure, obstruction the airway, hypo and hyperglycemia and hypo and hyper ventilation syndrome.	ion of 2
Total	45
Practical lessons:	Class
Dental materials in pediatric dentistry: cavity disinfectants, temporary filling materials, bases, I materials for root canal obturation, restorative dental materials (composites, glass ionomer cerr hybrid materials).	
Operative procedures in pediatric endodontics in deciduous teeth.	2
Operative procedures in pediatric endodontics in permanent teeth.	2
Operative procedures in pediatric endodontics in young immature teeth.	2
Esthetics in pediatric dentistry: dental veneers, laminates, tooth bleaching.	2
Laser use in pediatric dentistry: cavity preparation for composites and fissure, sealants, applicat laser in endodontics, oral surgery treatments, LLLT, tooth bleaching.	tion of 2
Treatment of soft tissue diseases in the oral cavity: oral mucosal lesions (mechanical, the chemical, radiations).	ermal, 2
Lips diseases treatment: Cheilitis exfoliativa, Cheilitis angularis, Cheilitis glandularis, Melke Rosenthal syndrome, Ascher syndrome, morphological variations.	ersson 2
Tongue diseases treatment: Lingua geographica, Lingua villosa nigra, congenital disorders (L plicata, Glossitis rhombica mediana, Macroglossia, Microglossia, Aglossia, Lingua k Ankyloglossia).	
Gingival diseases treatment: Gingivitis cattharalis, Gingivitis hyperplastica, Gingivitis fibroma Gingivitis ulcero-necroticans, teeth growth gingivitis, Pericoronitis)	atosa, 2
Periodontal diseases treatment: etiology, classification, treatment modalities.	2
Treatment of oral manifestations of infectious diseases: bacterial, viral and fungal infections.	2
Treatment of oral manifestations of systemic diseases: haematological diseases (blood disorders), skin, cardiovascular, respiratory, endocrine, renal and gastrointestinal diseases.	d cell 2
Treatment of immune system disorders and autoimmune diseases.	1
Treatment procedure in metabolic disorders patients.	1
Treatment procedure in children with nutritional disorders, lack of proteins, calcium, phosph magnesium, microelements and vitamins deficiency.	horus, 1
Dental procedures of traumatic injuries to the teeth and to the supporting tissues in chil epidemiology, etiology, treatment procedure – history, clinical and paraclinical examin diagnosis, classification.	
Therapeutic procedures of traumatic injuries to the teeth and to the supporting tissues.	2
Treatment of complications following traumatic dental and supporting tissues injuries.	1
Therapeutic options in the treatment of cysts and tumors in pediatric dentistry.	1
Pedoprosthetic rehabilitation (primary, mixed and permanent dentition).	1
Oral surgical procedures in children: extraction of primary and permanent teeth, indications contraindications, instruments, methodology, complications during and after the extraction, sp	

	oral surgical proce	dures in chil	dren.				
	Treatment of post-		1				
	Therapy of odonto		2				
		antibiotics and other antimicrobial drugs in pediatric dentistry: types, dosage and alities, combinations, prophylactic administration of antibiotics.			1		
	Treatment during seizure, obstruction syndrome.		2				
	Interceptive orthod		1				
	Total				75		
12		Methods of studying: class room oriented lectures, interactive lectures, group vork, practical training, seminar paper					
13	Total available time						
14	Organization of the	n of the course 45 classes - theoretical course, 75 classes- practical course, 120 cla individual learning and other activities					
15	Forms of	15.1.	Theoretical course	45 classes			
	teaching activities	15.2.	Practical course, seminars	Practical course - 75 class			
10	Other forms of	16.1.	Project tasks				
16	activities	16.2.	Individual tasks				
		16.3.	Individual (home) learning	120 classes			
17	Method of assessment	17.1.	Tests	30 points			
		17.2.	Active participation, seminar paper/project (oral/written presentation)	10 points			
		17.3.	Final (oral) exam	60 points			
18	Grading criteria Up to 59 p		points 5 (five) (F)				
	(points / grade)	from 60 to 67 points 6 (six) (E)					
		from 68 to 75 points 7 (seven) (D)					
		from 76 to 84 points 8 (eight) (C)					
		from 85 to	93 points	9 (nine) (B)			
		from 94 to	from 94 to 100 points 10 (ten) (A)				
19	Requirement for signature and taking the final exam	The student is required to actively follow all of the planned activities. Conditional criteria for assessment of knowledge: In order to get a signature, the student should obtain minimum points in both theoretical and practical courses, and to present seminar paper; In order to take the final exam, the student should obtain the minimum points from activity and test; If the student has not obtained the minimum points in the continual assessments, he/she in next exam session will have paper part of the exam (40 points) and final exam (60 points)					
20	Language of the course						
21	Method for   evaluation of Anonymous student's evaluation of the subject, teachers and collaborators involved in the educational activities   the quality   of education						

22	Literature						
	22.1.	Mandatory textbooks					
		No.	Author	Title	Publisher	Year	
		1	McDonald R, Avery D	Dentistry for the Child and Adolescent	Mosby, 7 ed	1999.	
	22.2.	Additional literature					
		No.	Author	Title	Publisher	Year	
		1	Beloica D i sar.	Dečja stomatologija	Elit-Medica Beograd,	2000.	
		2	Bajraktarova B, Bajraktarova- Valkakova E, Bajraktarova- Mishevska C	Anomalii na zabite	NUB Skopje	2011	